



Financial Condition Report September 2018

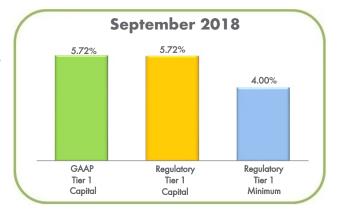
| Measurement | Sep -18 | Jun-18 | Policy/Regulation Limit |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------|
| Tier 1 Capital (Regulatory) | 5.72% | 5.58% | 4.00% |
| Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital Ratio | 18.03% | 17.35% | 4.00% |
| Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio | 18.63% | 17.93% | 8.00% |

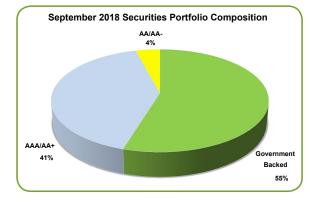
Capital

As of September 30, 2018, Corporate America Credit Union ("CACU") continues to exceed the minimum capital requirements. Our Tier 1 Capital ratio increased 14 basis points from June 2018. As of September 30, our Tier 1 Capital Ratio is 5.72% and remains well above the regulatory requirement of 4.00%. Both the Tier 1 Risked-Based Capital Ratio and Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio greatly exceed the minimum requirements. This is primarily due to the higher concentration of government and agency holdings within the investment portfolio that carry a 0% to 20% risk weighting. Regulatory provisions for corporate credit unions place CACU in the "well capitalized" category.

Tier 1 Capital Calculation

The 704 regulatory definition of Tier 1 capital changed November 2017. Corporates are required to "deduct any amount of PCC received from federally insured credit unions that causes PCC minus retained earnings, all divided by moving daily average net assets, to exceed two percent when a corporate credit union's retained earnings ratio is less than two and a half percent." As of September 2018, CACU is not required to reallocate from Tier 1 to Tier 2 capital as a result of the calculation.





Asset Quality

Corporate America's investment strategy is one of purchasing high quality permissible securities with senior cash flow structures to provide competitive returns. CACU conducts detailed due diligence in assessing credit risk in non-government guaranteed positions. At the end of September, 55% of the portfolio is government backed, 41% is rated AAA/AA+, and 4% is rated AA/AA-.

Net Economic Value (NEV)

The Corporate's interest rate risk exposure is measured by using net economic value (NEV) and a NEV ratio. The primary risk measurement is the decline of net economic value in the up 300 basis point scenario. As of September 30, we remain within regulatory limits as evidenced in the table to the right. Interest rate risk is monitored and reported to the Board on a monthly basis.

| Measurement | Sep-18 | Jun-18 | Policy/ Regulation Limit |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| Max % Decline NEV (up 300 bp) | -10.43% | -7.75% | -20.00% |
| Base NEV Ratio | 5.47% | 4.99% | 3.00% |
| Minimum NEV Ratio | 4.95% | 4.65% | 2.00% |

| Measurement | Sep-18 | Jun-18 | Policy/ Regulation Limit |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|
| WAL Financial Assets | 1.47 | 1.39 | 2.00 |
| AWAL Financial Assets | 1.81 | 1.77 | 2.25 |

Weighted Average Life (WAL)

Weighted Average Life (WAL) of Financial Assets measures the average life of all assets including investments, loans and cash. Adjusted Weighted Average Life (AWAL) is adjusted for a 50% slowdown in prepayments on investments. As of September 2018, we remain within policy/regulation limit as shown in the table to the left.

Liquidity

As of September 2018, total advised lines of credit to member credit unions were approximately \$2.4 billion. Combining cash held, tested sources of liquidity and liquid marketable securities, over \$2.3 billion could be raised in a short period of time, if needed, to address a severe liquidity event.



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